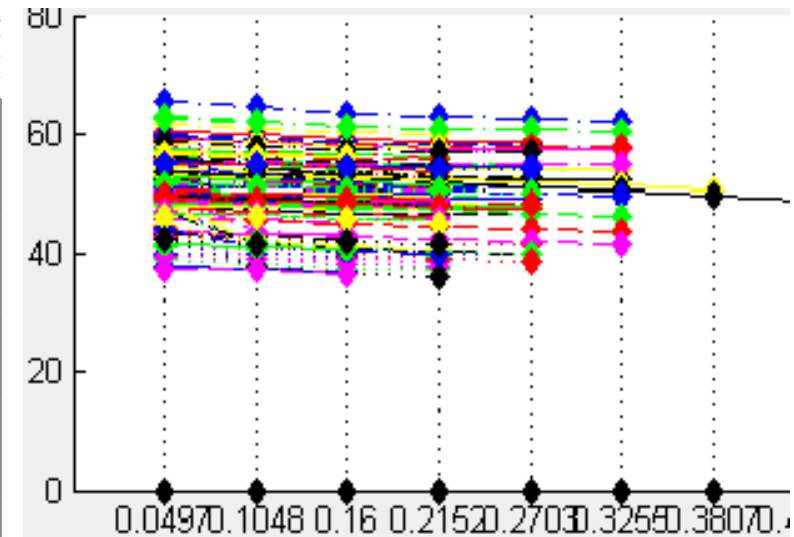
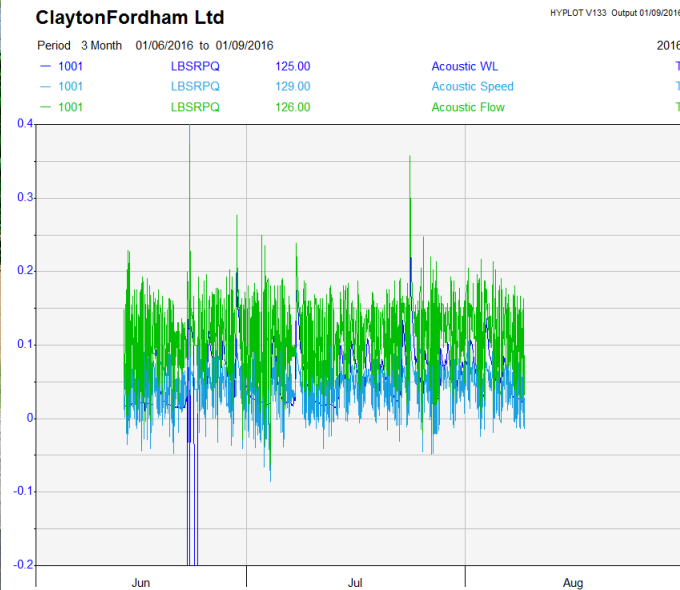
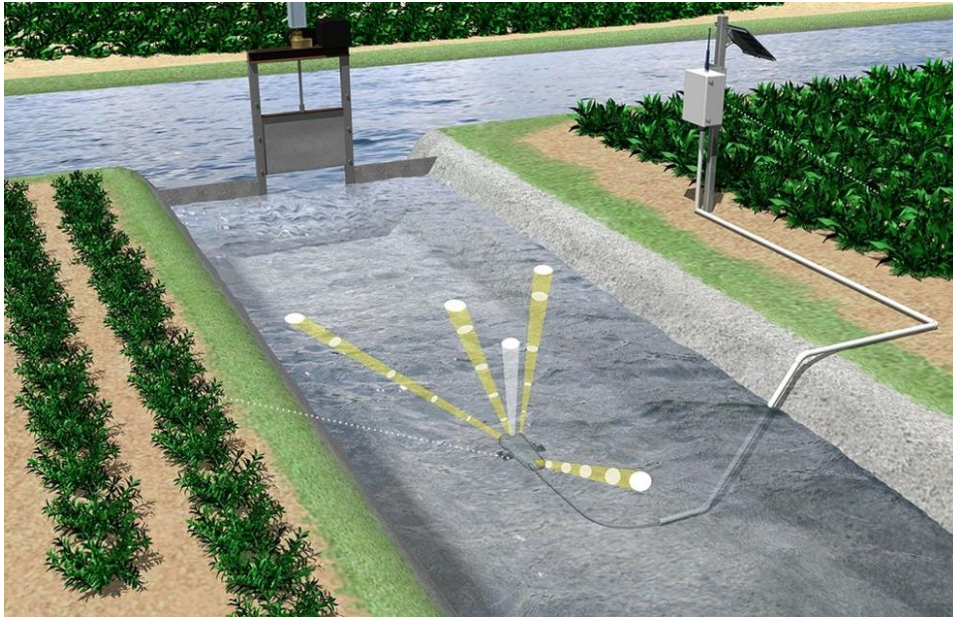


Using acoustic monitoring to determine suspended sediment loads



Ed Clayton



Introduction

- Assessment of an acoustic sensor
- Two month study – first test site
- Comparison against:
 - Laboratory measured TSS & Turbidity
 - In situ TSS/Turbidity sensor
- Can we replace current automated sampling units with these sensors?



Monitoring of SRP's

- Auckland Plan lists sediment as a contaminant of concern
- Currently some earthworks sites require automated monitoring
 - Adaptive Environmental Monitoring and Management Response Plans
 - Can require manual grab sampling following an event
 - Can include automated monitoring



Automated site setups

- What is the aim of monitoring?
 - Time series information of water level and flow
 - Volume based discrete sampling of events
 - Telemetered – can text and email alarms if required
- Total sediment yield

Period 2 Day 29/06/2016 to 01/07/2016

2016

— 1005

140.00

Discharge (m3/s)

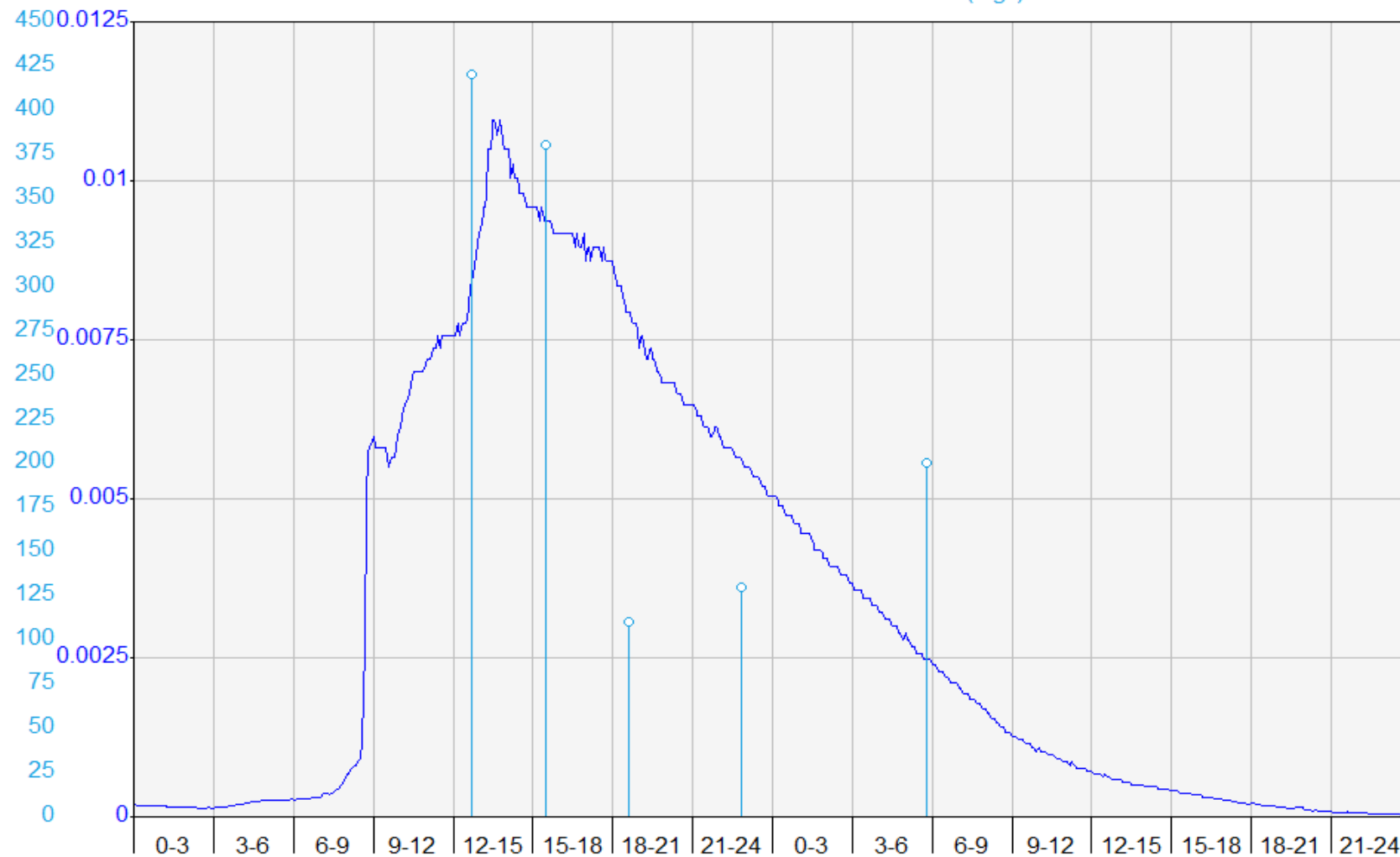
C

○ 1005

845.00

TSS (mg/l)

C



Sampler Event Discharge June 29 2016									
Event sediment yield:		135	kg						
Event total water discharge:		549	m ³						
Event peak discharge:		11	l/s						
Bottle number	Time_Date	Volume between bottles (m3)	Mean flow between bottles (l/s)	Lab sediment concentration (mg/l)	Bottle mean sediment discharge (g/s)	Time between bottles (s)	Bottle sediment yield (kg)	Accumulated yield(kg)	Flow at point of sample (L/s)
Trigger	00:00_29/06/2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.19
160707-104-2	12:41_29/06/2016	106.66	2.33	420	0.98	45685	44.80	44.80	8.40
160707-104-3	15:30_29/06/2016	100.07	9.88	380	3.75	10133	38.02	82.82	9.38
160707-104-4	18:38_29/06/2016	99.72	8.87	110	0.98	11237	10.97	93.79	7.94
160707-104-5	22:51_29/06/2016	99.92	6.58	130	0.86	15178	12.99	106.78	5.63
160707-104-6	05:46_30/06/2016	99.53	3.99	200	0.80	24924	19.91	126.69	2.48
Reset*	00:00_01/07/2016	43.61	0.66	0	0.00	65643	8.72	135.41	0.03
*Reset uses previous sample concentration to measure sediment yield									



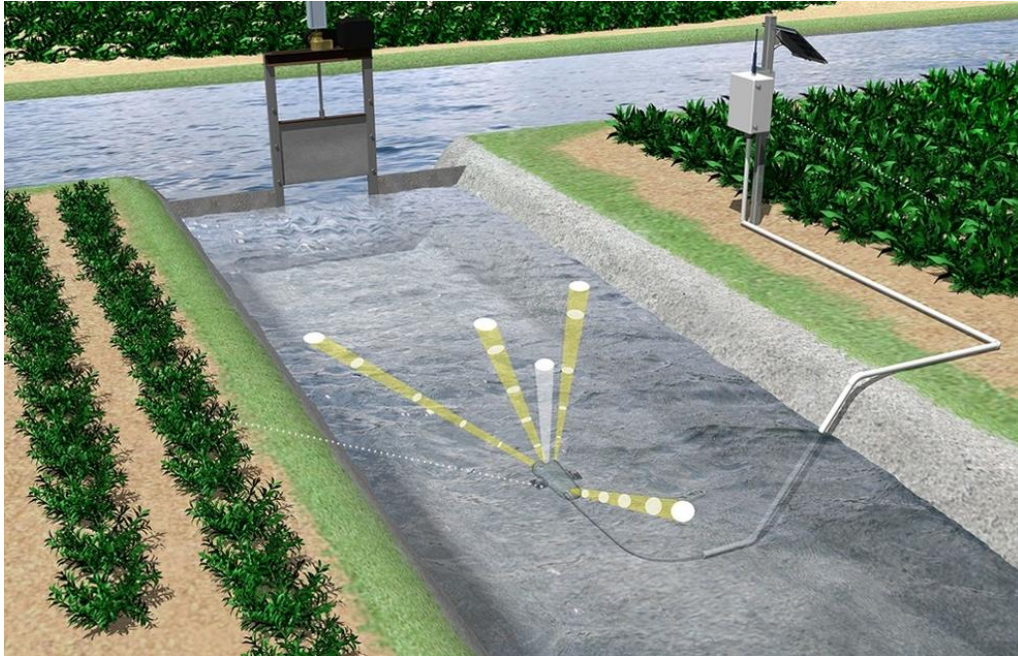
Acoustic sensor – Test Site 1

- Sontek IQ - Xylem
 - Utilises 3000khz frequency
 - 5 transducers
 - Measures velocity, water depth, water temperature and associated parameters
- Built to measure flow instantly without needing to create a flow rating



Acoustic sensor

- Can measure the entire cross section of a channel



(www.ekotechnika.cz)



(www.sontek.com)



Acoustic sensor

- Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) measures the backscatter (noise) compared to the outgoing signal.
 - Higher SNR = more particles in the water
- Corrected against site samples (from discrete sampling) and measured water temperature
- 'Sediment Corrected Backscatter'





Acoustic sensor

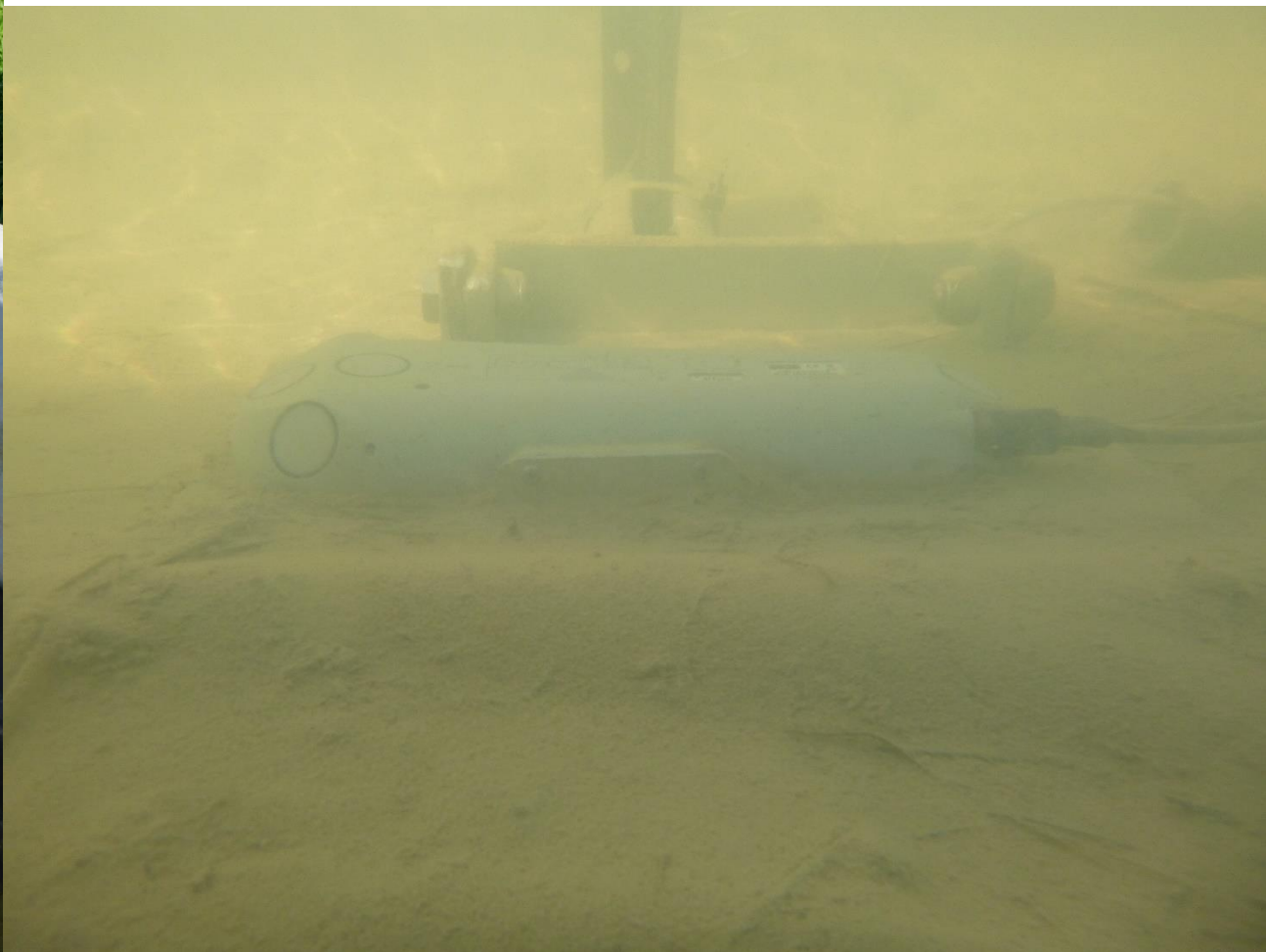
- Advantage compared to discrete sampling:
 - Measures the whole cross section – less error due to sampling location
 - Time series – frequency of measurement can be set
 - Real time information
 - Less time required on site and lower cost of laboratory sampling



Test Site 1: Site deployment

- Sensors:
 - Pressure transducer with temperature
 - Automatic Sampler – volume based sampling
 - Turbidity & TSS sonde
 - Sontek IQ
- Datalogger measuring at 5 minute intervals
- 12 volt solar
- Outfall of two sediment retention ponds plus one DEB







Test Site 1: Acoustic data

- Poor accuracy when velocity was low
- Better accuracy when levels are around 100mm or higher above v-notch
 - Flow rates of $2 <$ litres per second
 - Higher velocity
- Sediment deposition on sensor

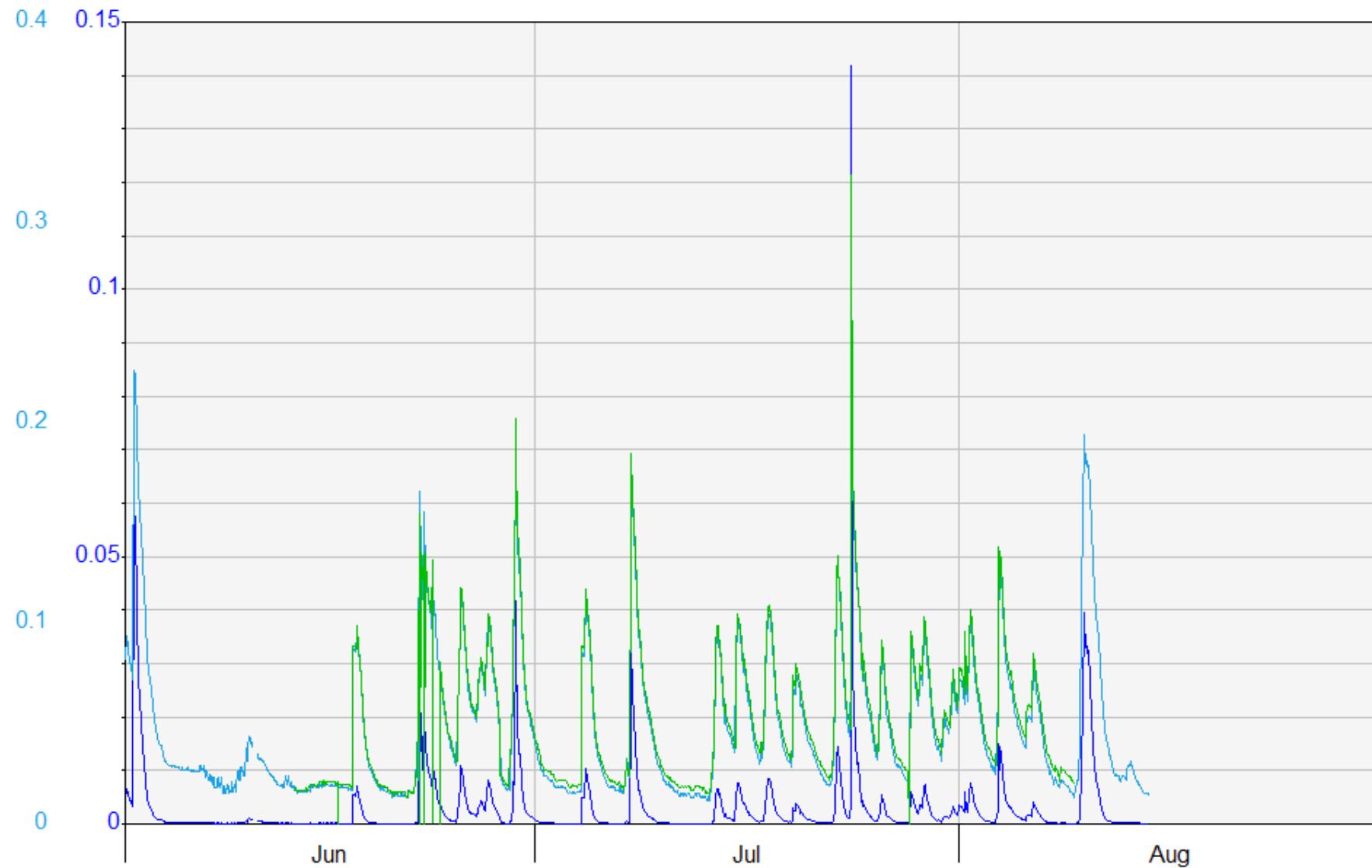




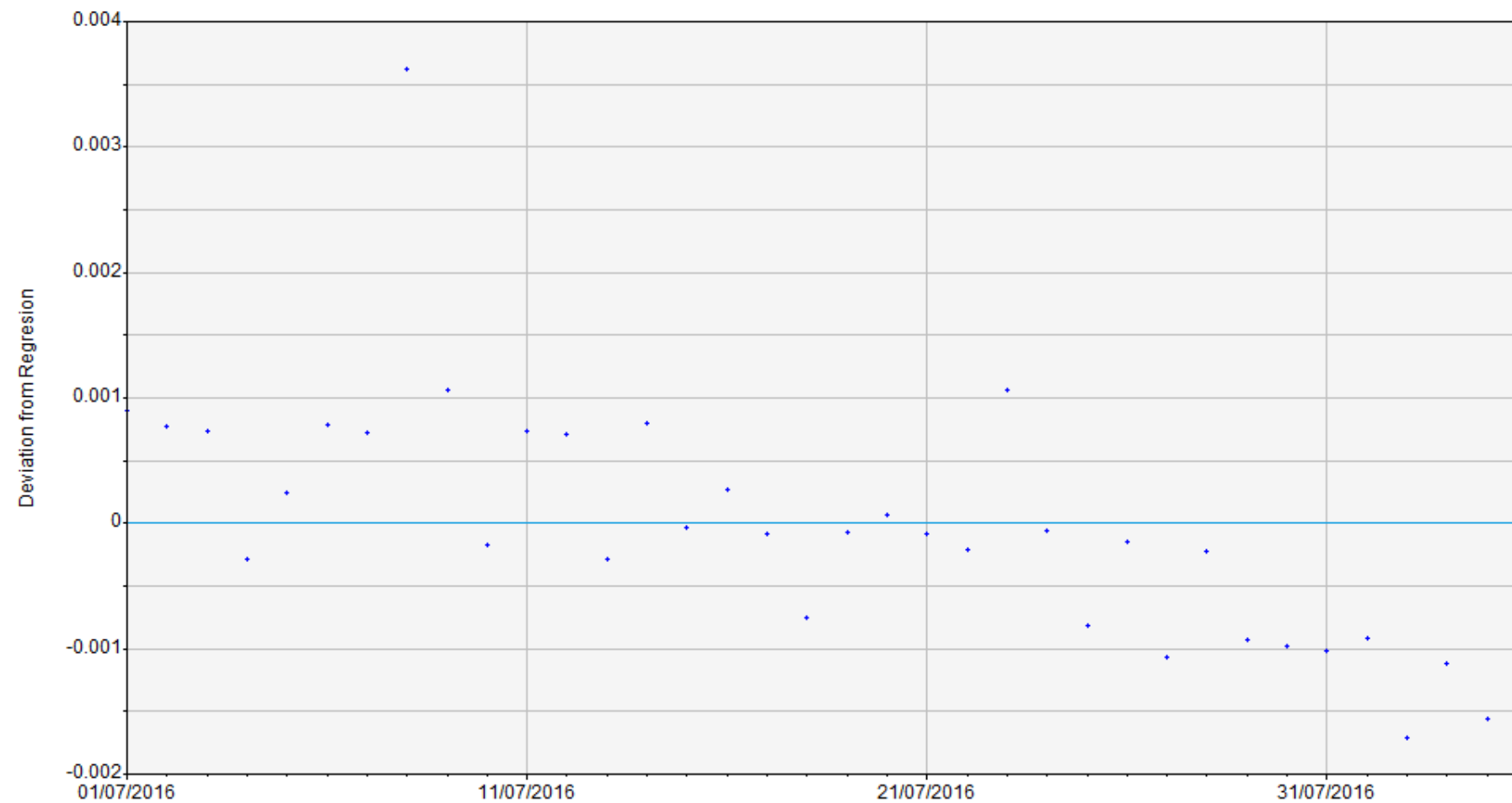
Period 3 Month 01/06/2016 to 01/09/2016

2016

— 1001	140.00	Discharge (m3/s)	B
— 1001	100.00	Level (m)	B
— 1001	125.00	Acoustic WL	T



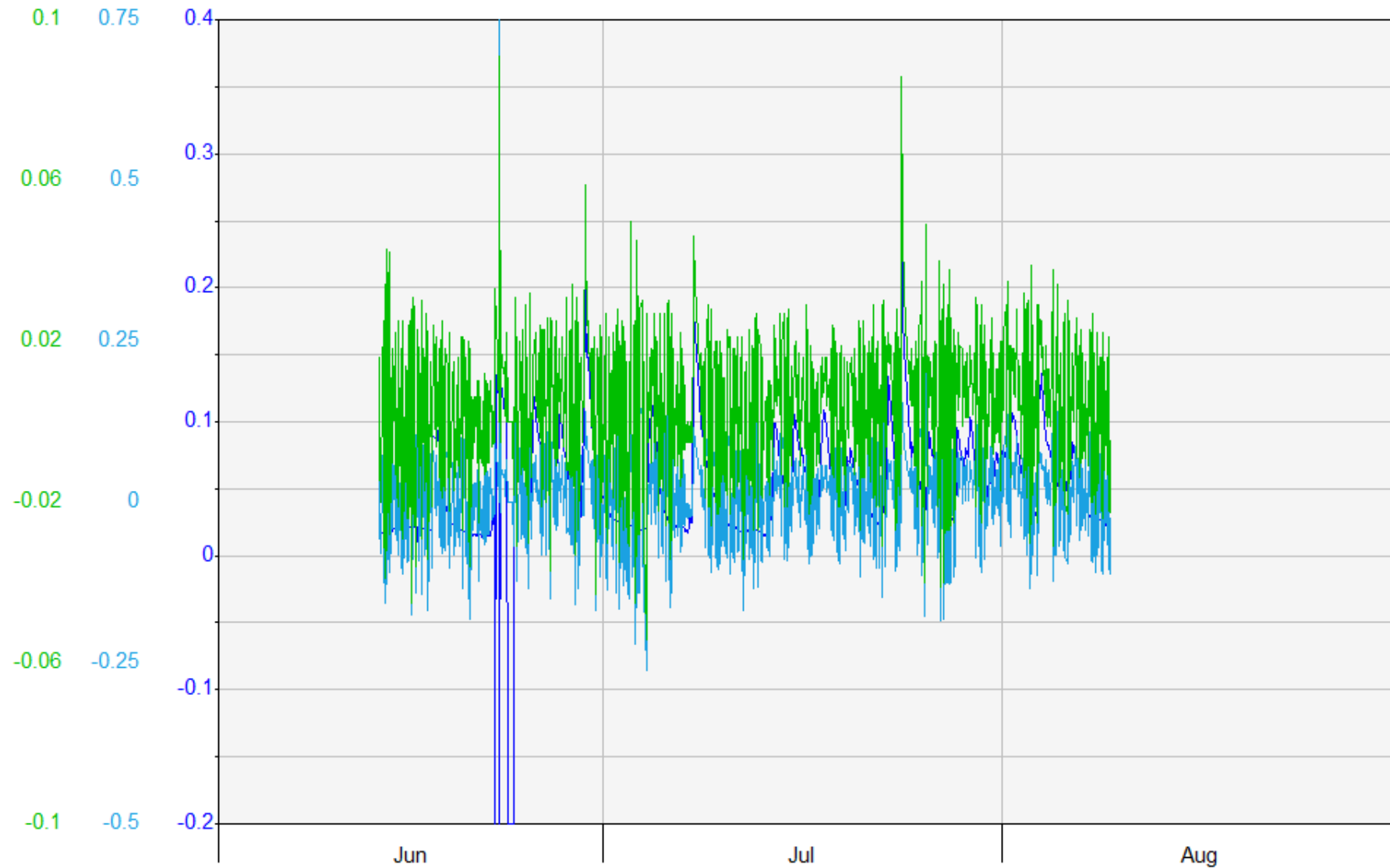
Regression Transform	Site	DataSource	Type	Variable	
X (ind)	(None)	1001	B	Inst.	125.00 Acoustic WL
Y (dep)	(None)	1001	B	Inst.	100.00 Level (m)
Interval	1 Day		Equation	$Y = 0.993 * X - 0.004$	
Start	00:00_01/07/2016		Correlation Coefficient	1.000	
End	00:00_05/08/2016		Standard Error of Estimate	0.001	
Points	35				



Period 3 Month 01/06/2016 to 01/09/2016

2016

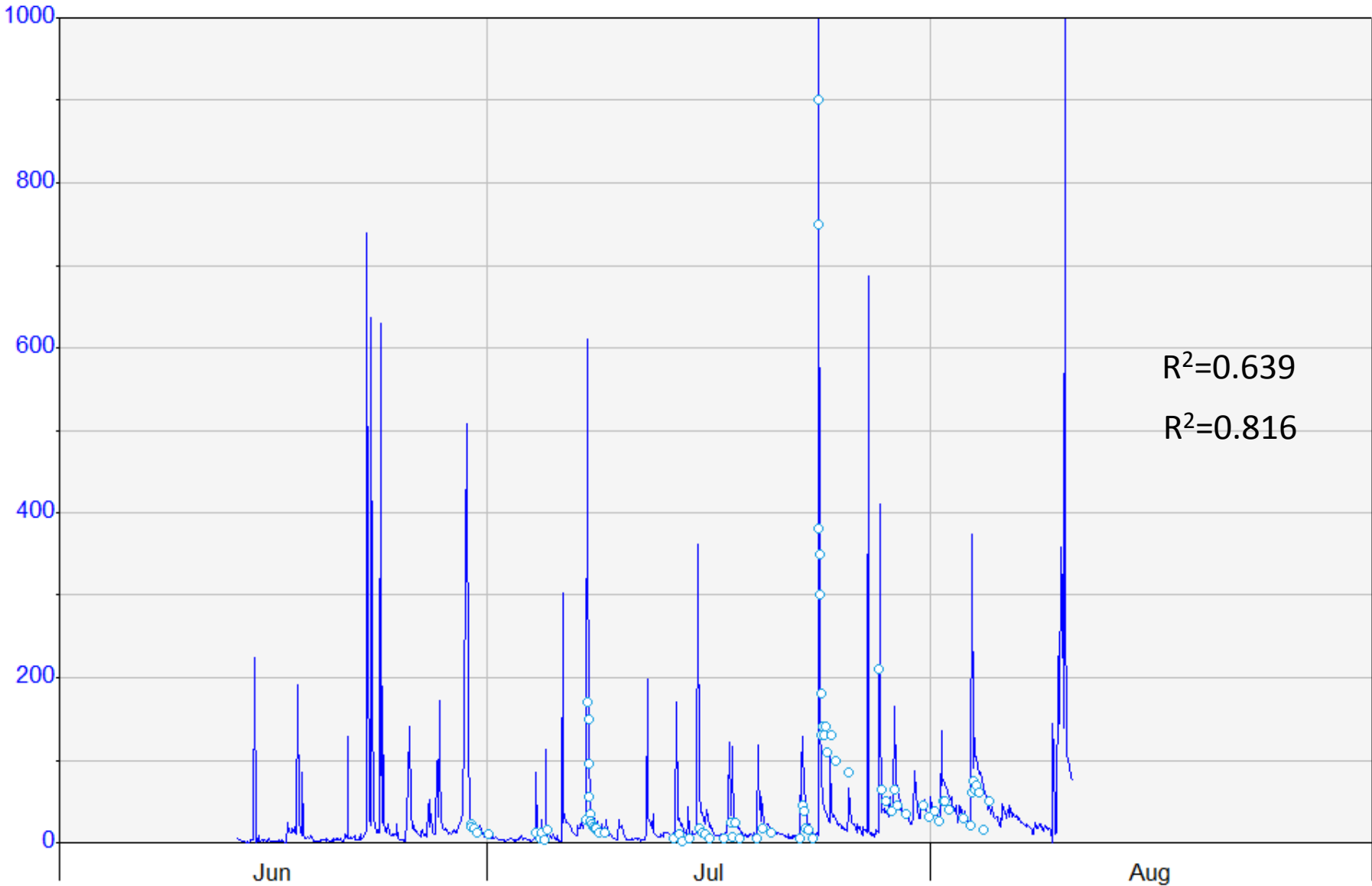
— 1001	125.00	Acoustic WL	T
— 1001	129.00	Acoustic Speed	T
— 1001	126.00	Acoustic Flow	T



Period 3 Month 01/06/2016 to 01/09/2016

2016

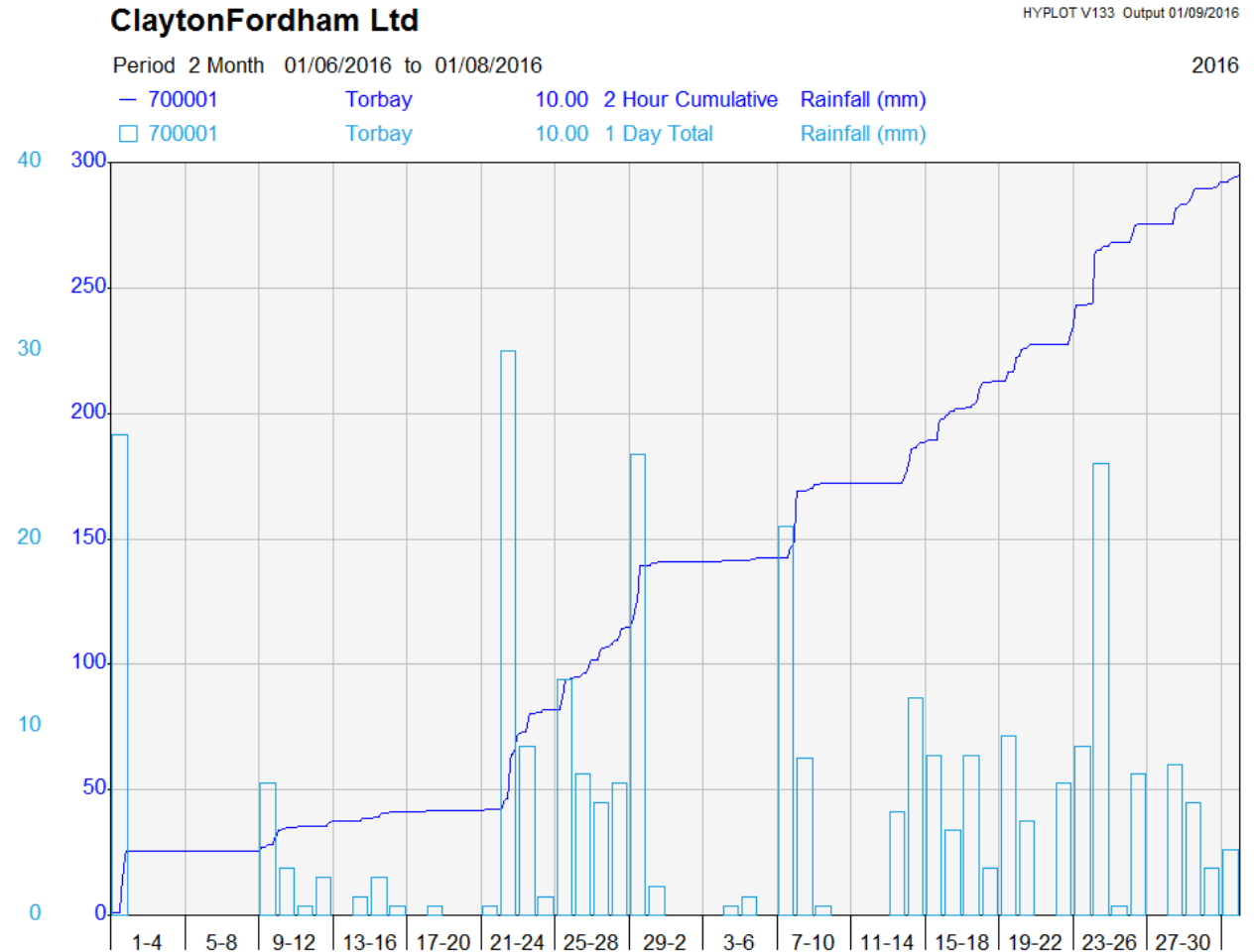
— 1001	810.00	Turbidity (NTU)	B
○ 1001	809.00	Lab Turb	B





Test Site 1: Storm events

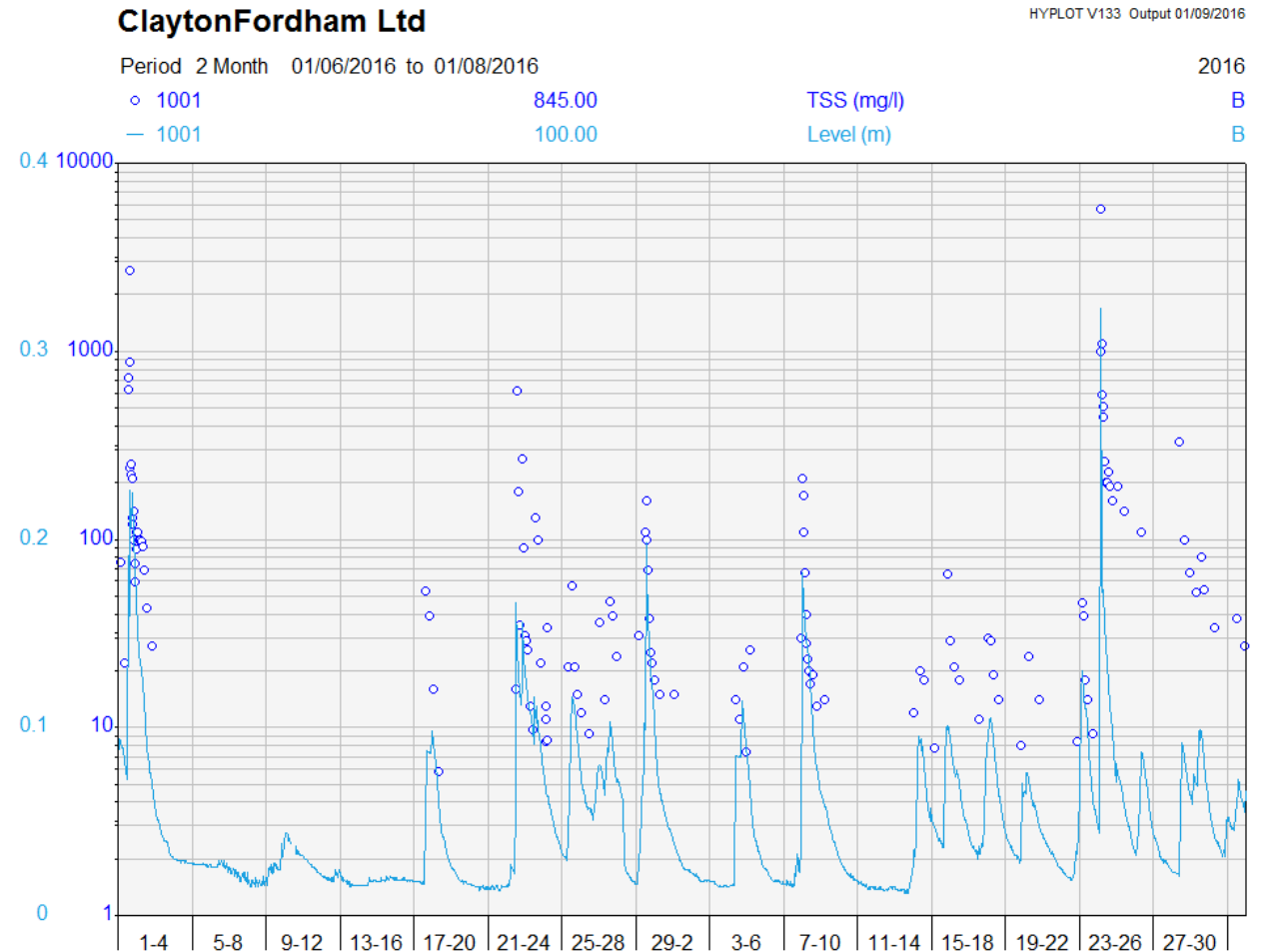
- Multiple events during monitoring period
 - 317mm of rain
 - Max one hour intensity 16.25mm
 - Max 24 hour intensity 30.50 mm





Test Site 1: Storm events

- Total flow: 12,295 m³
- Peak flow: 141 l/s
- Total sediment yield (from discrete samples): 1,725 kg





Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

- Adjustment of data using water temperature and discrete sediment samples

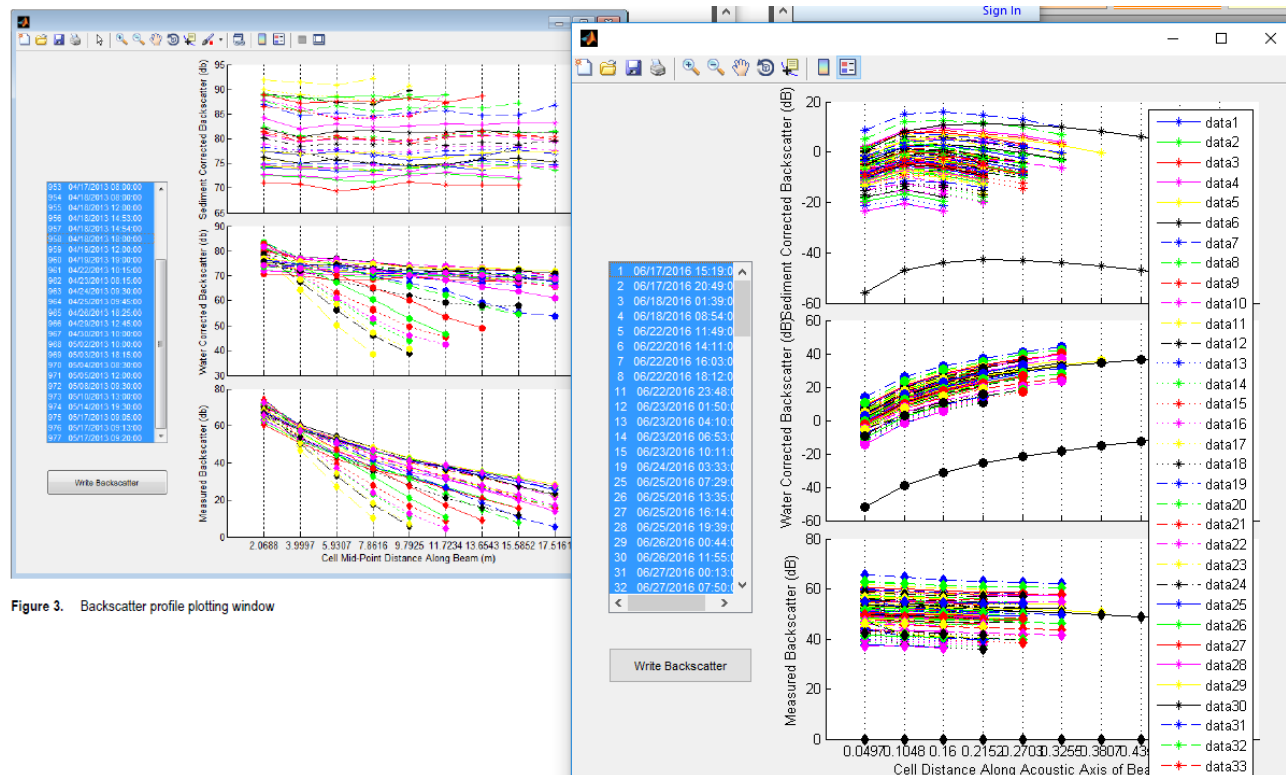


Figure 3. Backscatter profile plotting window



Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

- For entire Data set and observed s

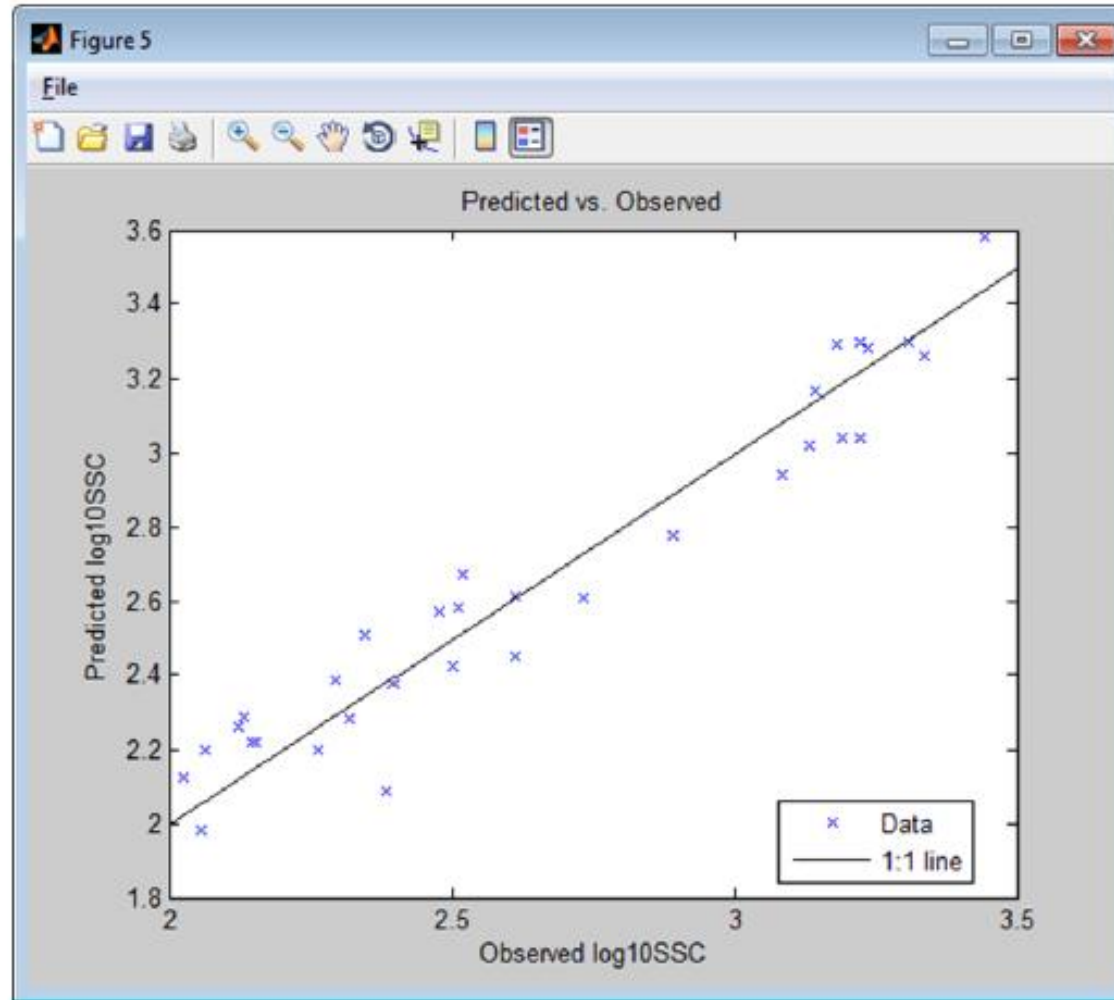
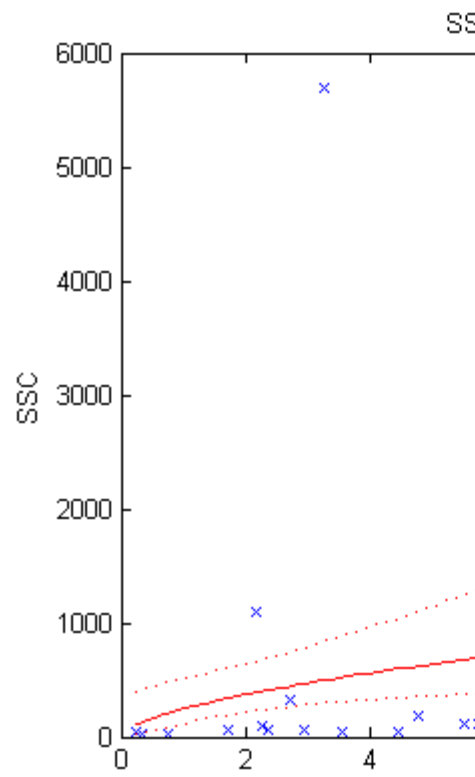
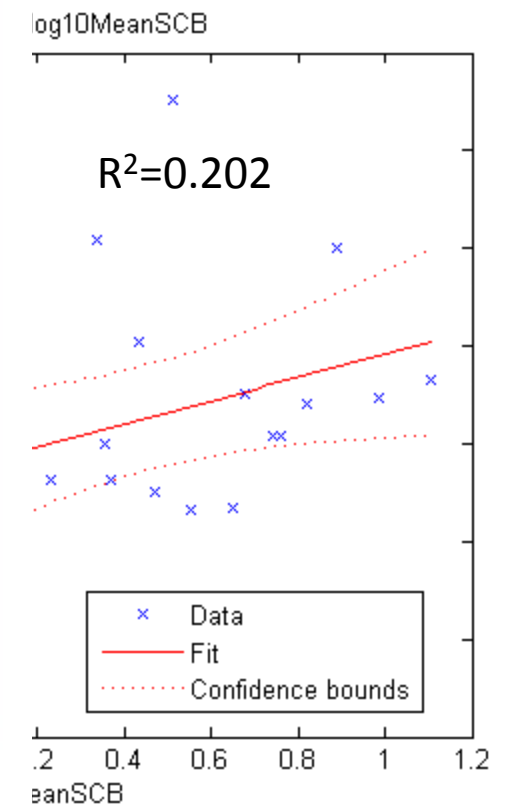


Figure 10. Predicted response variable plotted against observed response variable

Corrected backscatter





Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

- For entire Dataset: unable to produce sediment yield due to poor correlation between sediment corrected backscatter and observed sediment concentration
- Dataset broken down into events and investigated further



Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

- Six different periods analysed – range of hydrological characteristics

Test Site 1: Results										
	Date		Number of Samples	Q (m ³ s ⁻¹)			Sediment Yield (kg)	Rainfall		
	Start	End		Average	Peak	Total		10 min intensity	1 hour intensity	Total
DataSet 1	22/06/2016	24/06/2016	19	0.0058	0.027	1509	159	4.25	11.27	40.0
DataSet 2	25/06/2016	27/06/2016	11	0.0038	0.011	1013	28	1.59	2.76	26.0
DataSet 3	29/06/2016	1/07/2016	11	0.0042	0.042	1103	60	3.92	7.17	26.0
DataSet 4	7/07/2016	9/07/2016	13	0.0049	0.034	1285	74	3.00	10.56	29.5
DataSet 5	14/07/2016	23/07/2016	22	0.0024	0.015	2105	46	3.52	6.50	66.0
DataSet 6	24/07/2016	26/07/2016	15	0.0062	0.141	1633	949	6.25	16.25	32.0

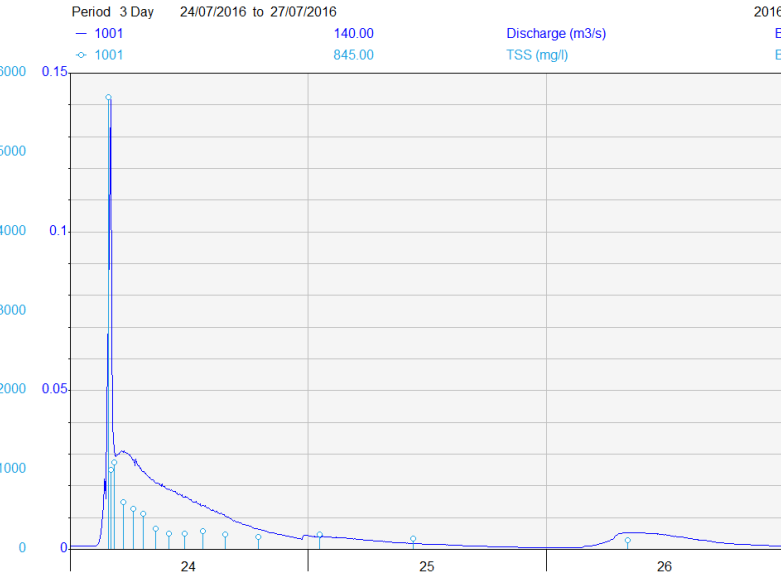
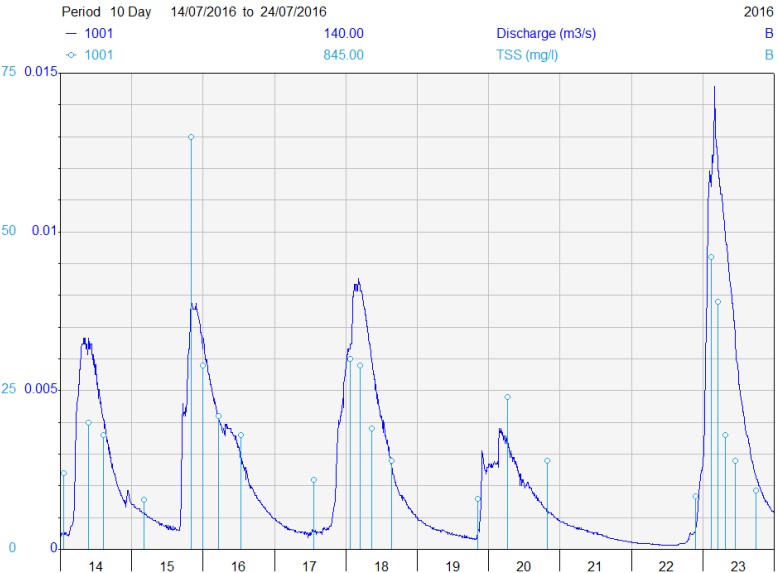
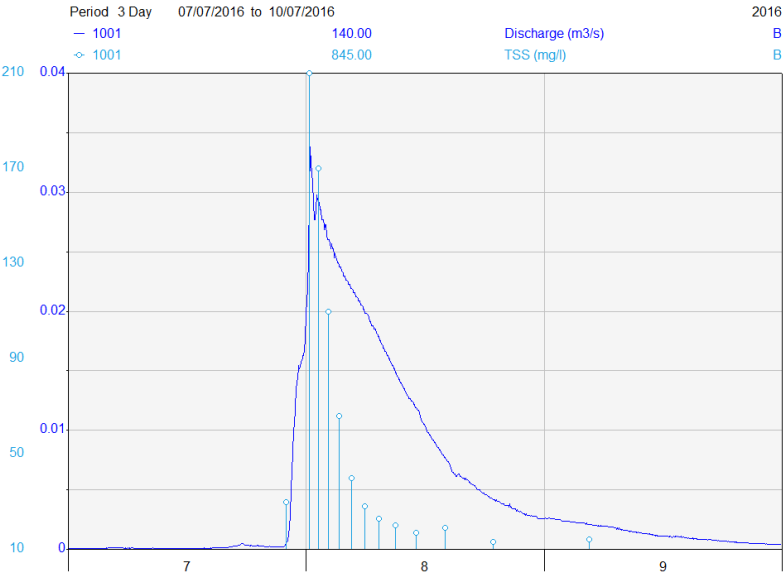
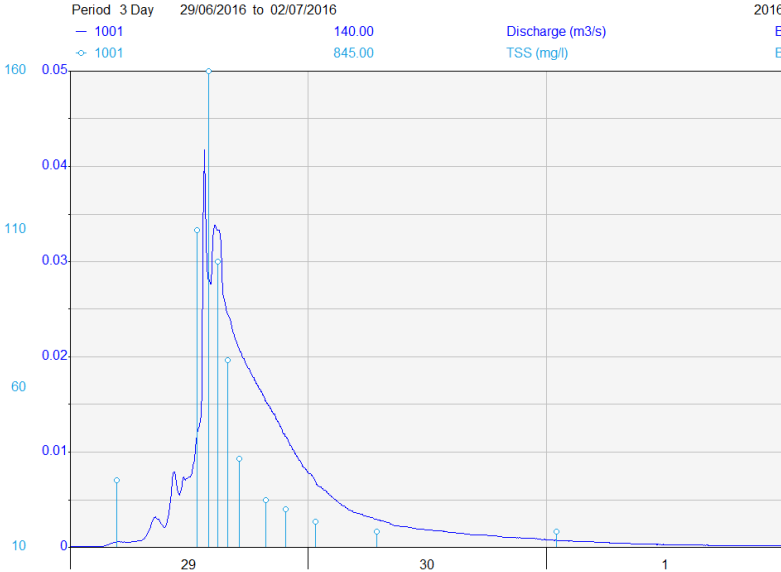
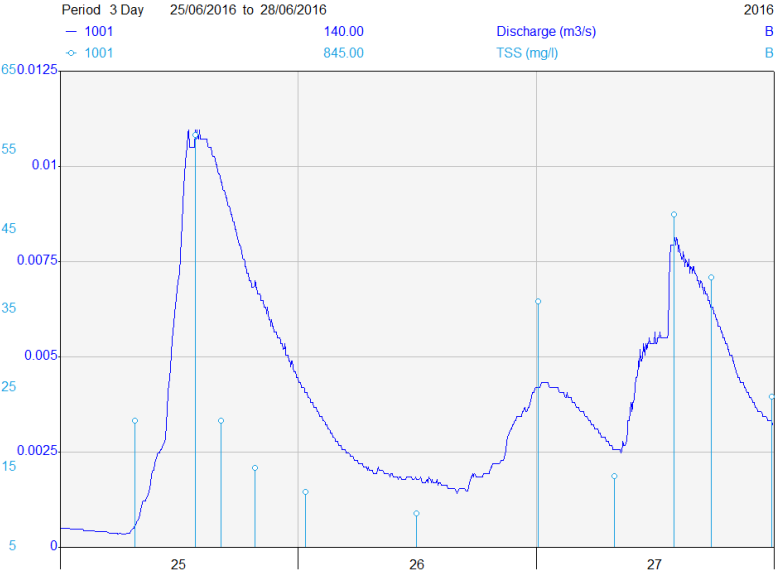
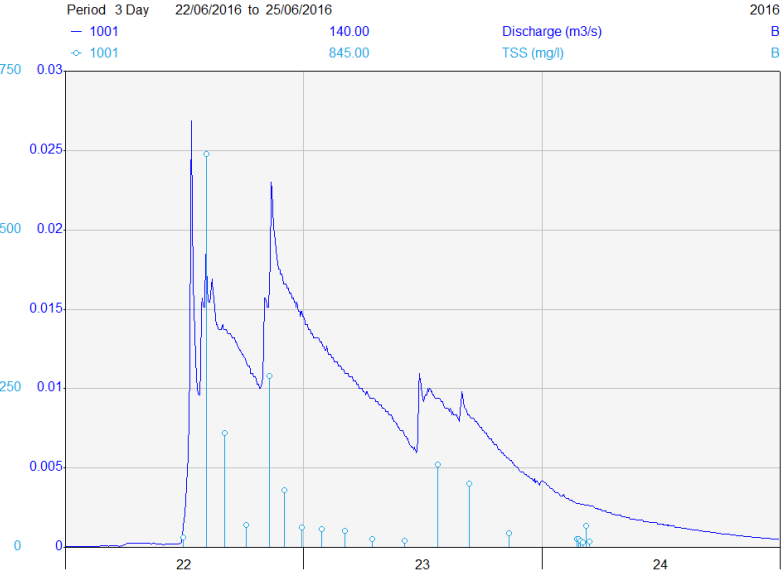


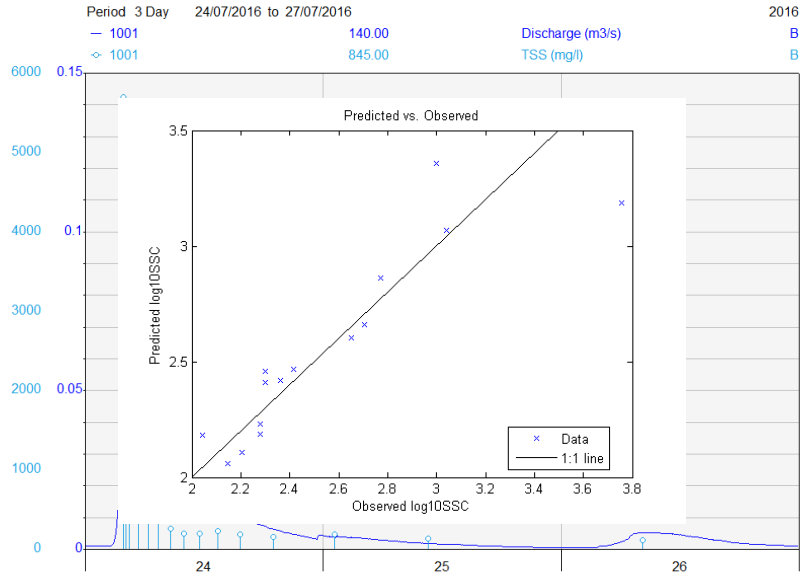
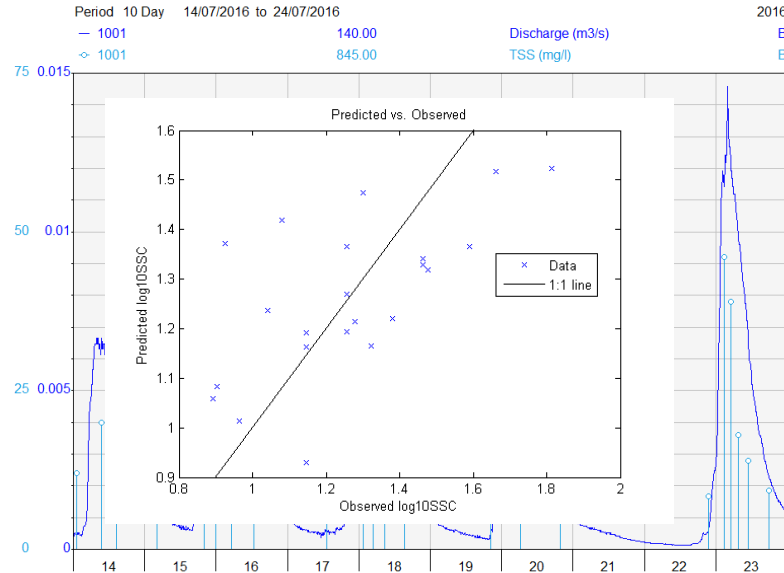
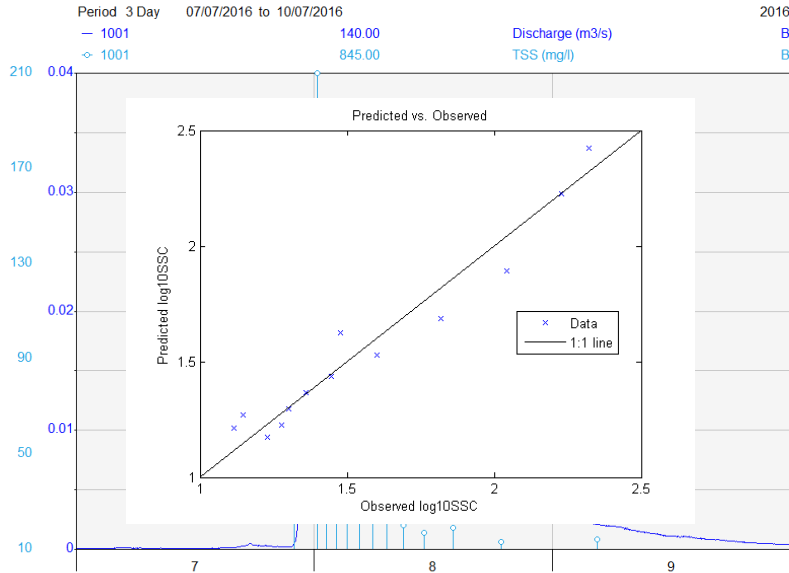
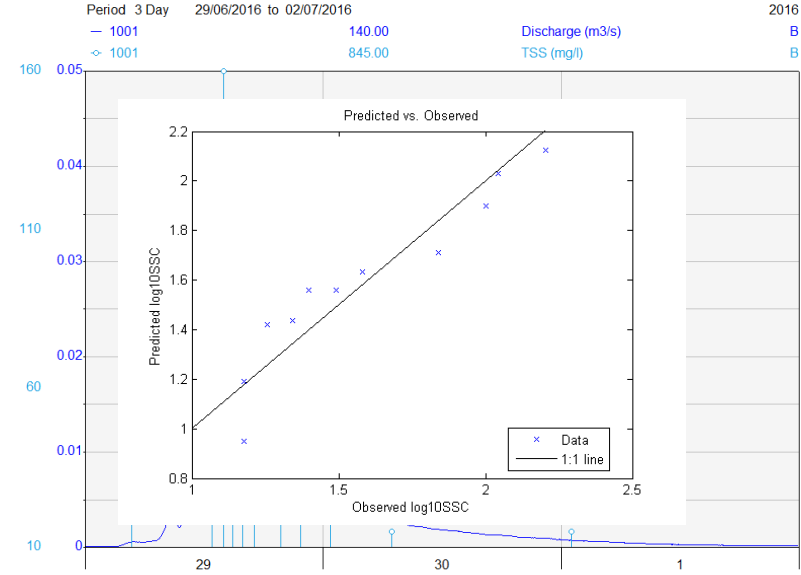
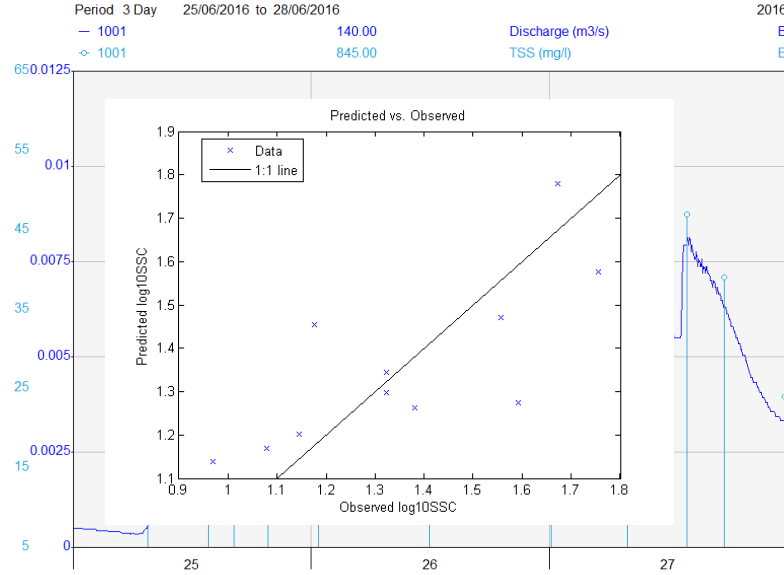
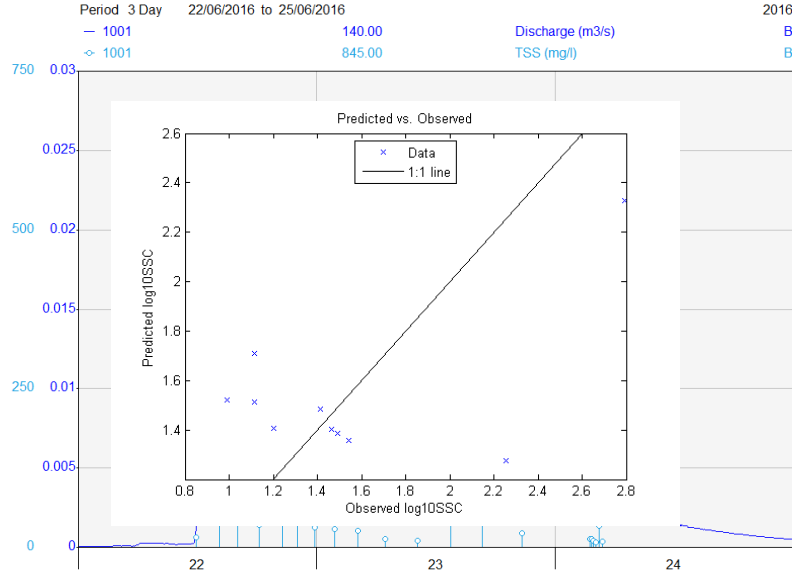
Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

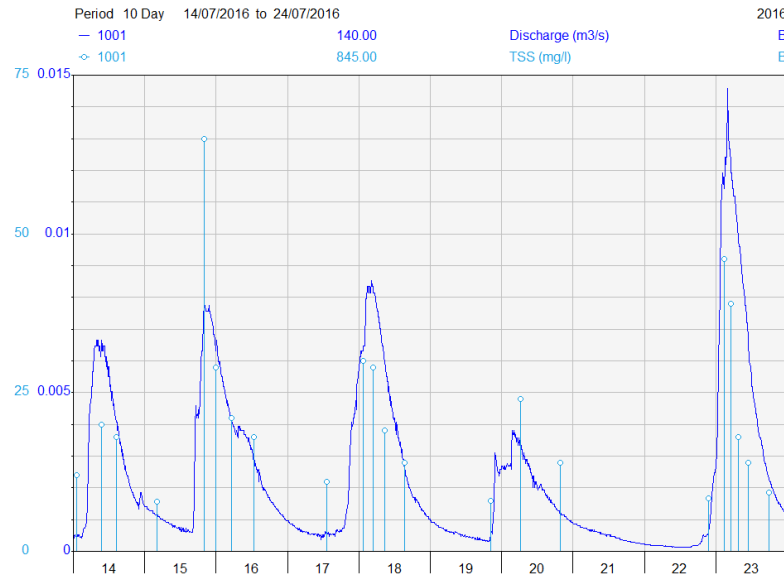
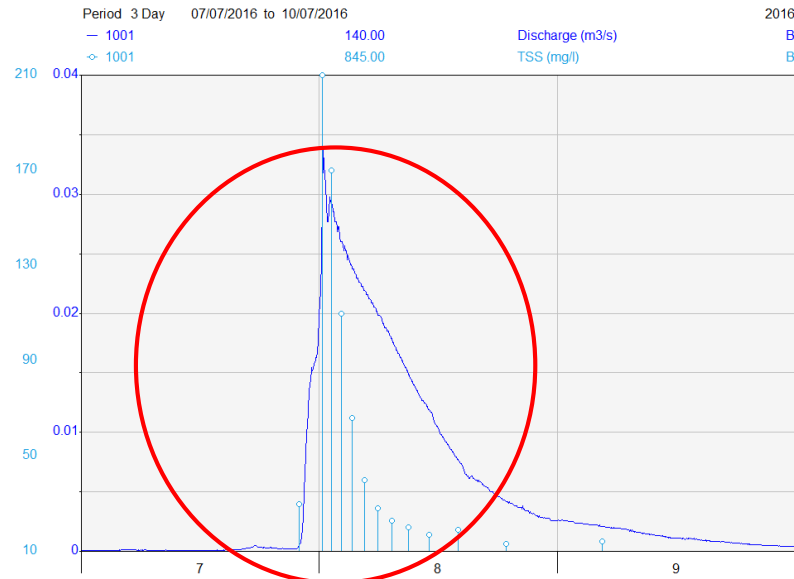
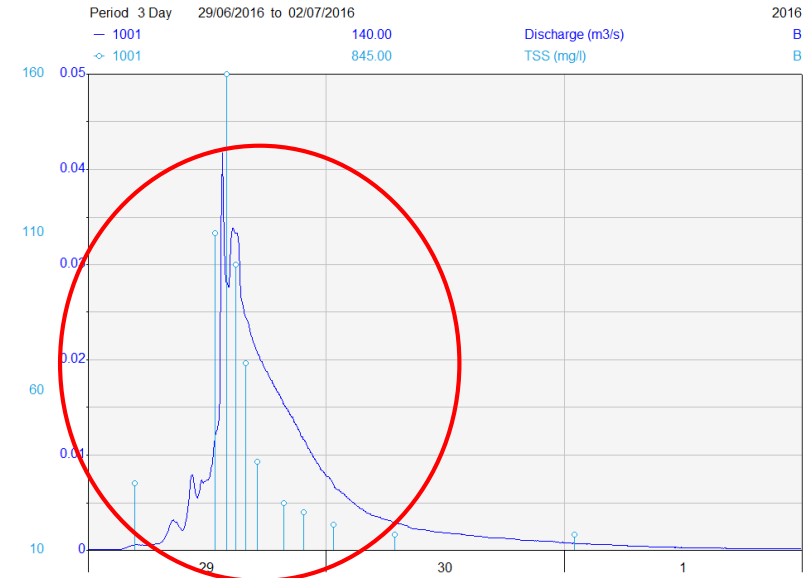
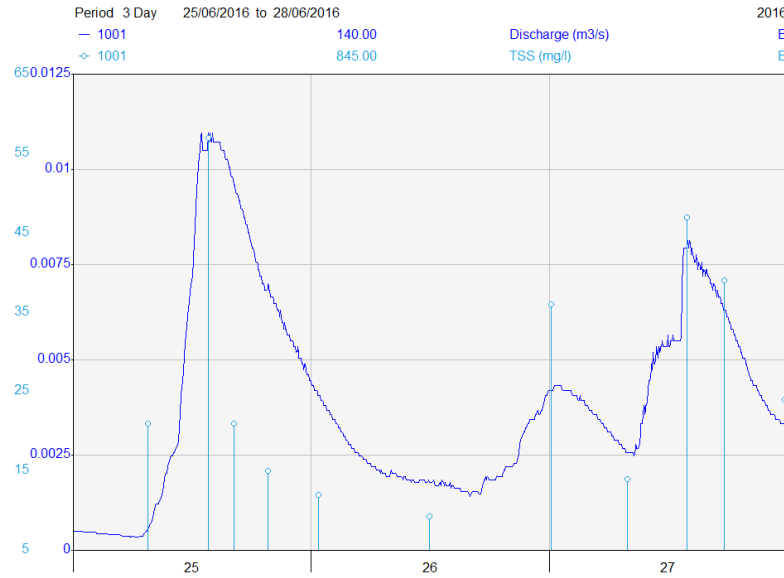
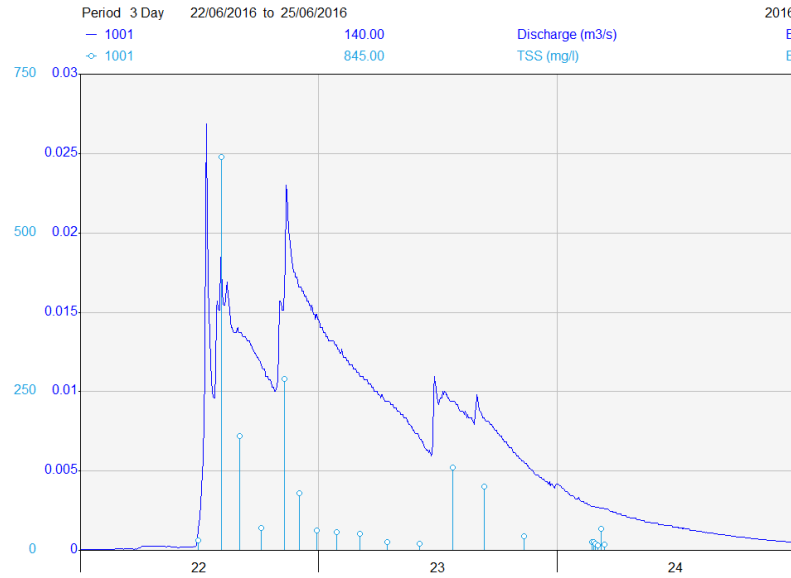
- Six different periods analysed – range of hydrological characteristics

Test Site 1: Results												
	Date		Number of Samples	Q (m ³ s ⁻¹)			Sediment Yield (kg)	Rainfall			MeanSCB R ²	
	Start	End		Average	Peak	Total		10 min intensity	1 hour intensity	Total	log10SSC	SSC
DataSet 1	22/06/2016	24/06/2016	19	0.0058	0.027	1509	159	4.25	11.27	40.0	0.283	0.678
DataSet 2	25/06/2016	27/06/2016	11	0.0038	0.011	1013	28	1.59	2.76	26.0	0.569	0.588
DataSet 3	29/06/2016	1/07/2016	11	0.0042	0.042	1103	60	3.92	7.17	26.0	0.887	0.779
DataSet 4	7/07/2016	9/07/2016	13	0.0049	0.034	1285	74	3.00	10.56	29.5	0.945	0.942
DataSet 5	14/07/2016	23/07/2016	22	0.0024	0.015	2105	46	3.52	6.50	66.0	0.406	0.415
DataSet 6	24/07/2016	26/07/2016	15	0.0062	0.141	1633	949	6.25	16.25	32.0	0.806	0.371

- Better correlation achieved when looking at individual events







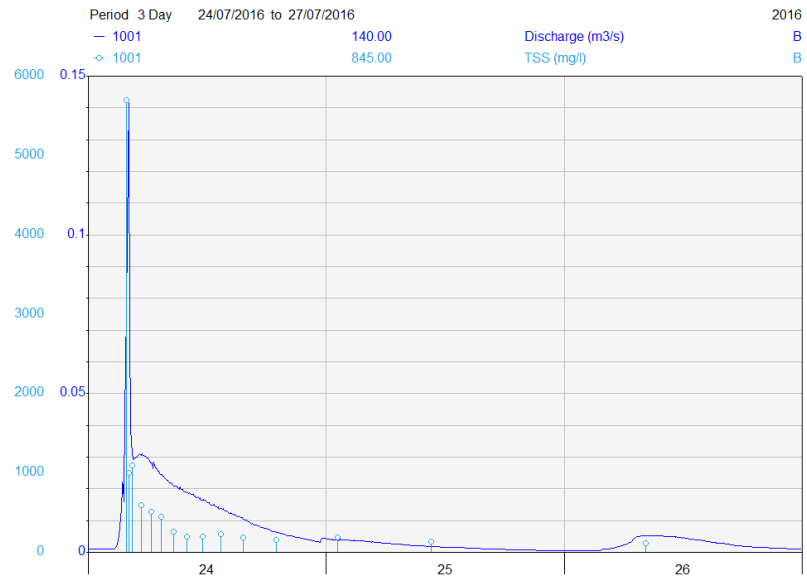
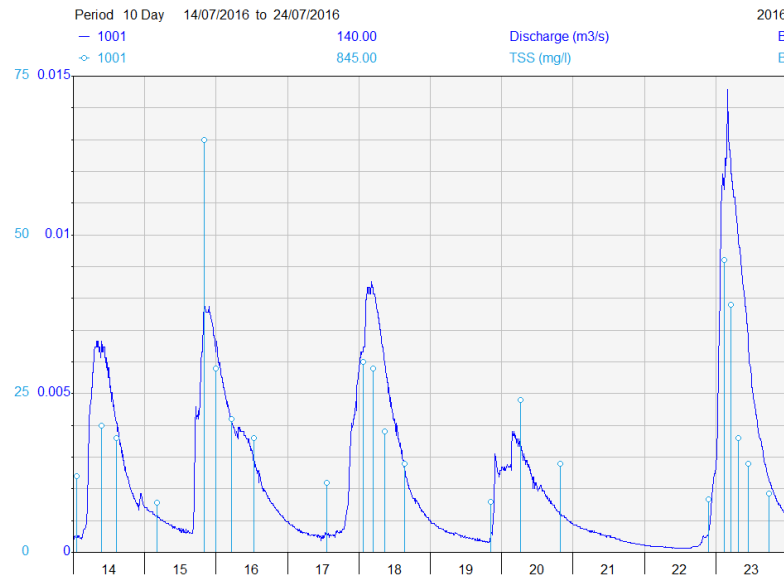
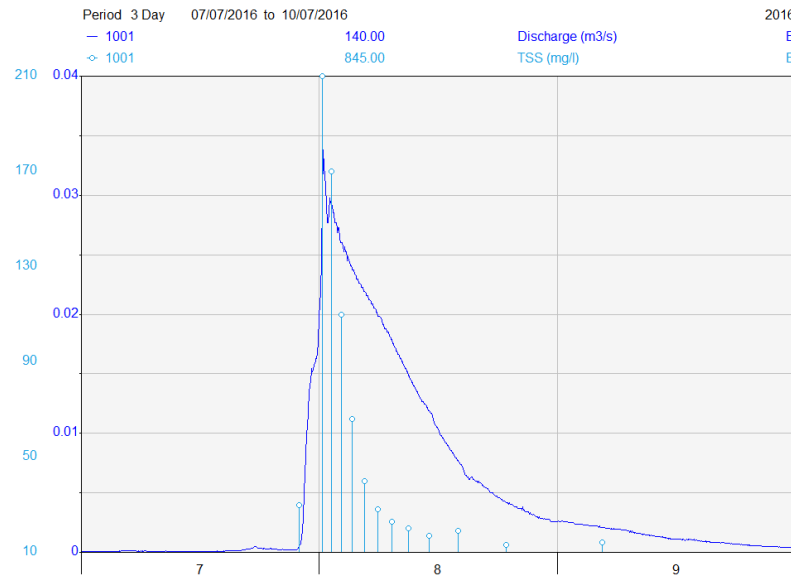
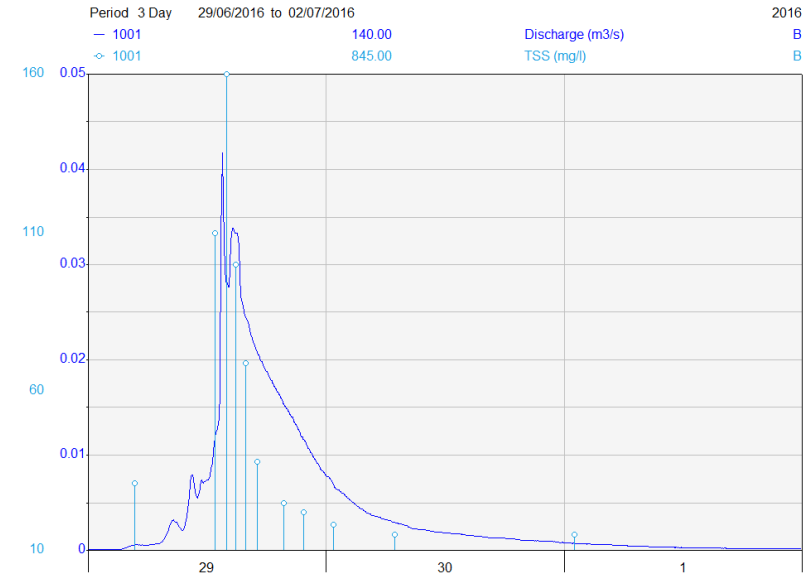
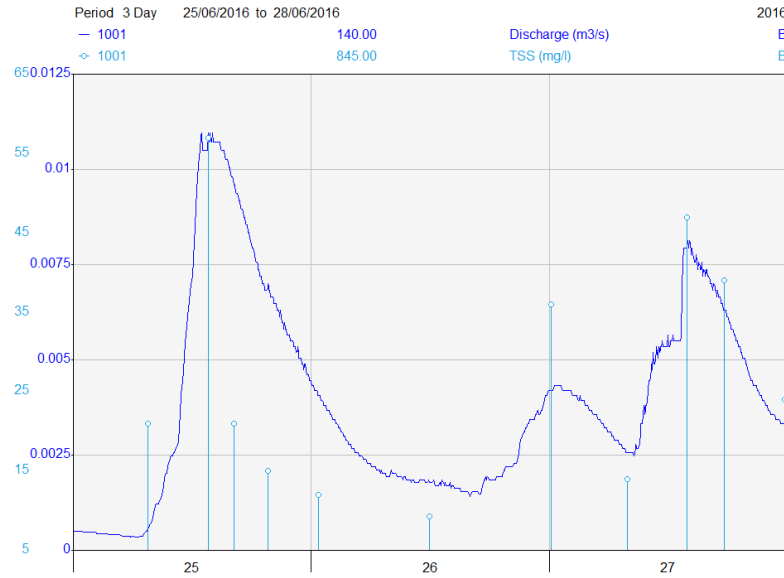


Test Site 1: Processing of acoustic data

- Six different periods analysed – range of hydrologic characteristics

Test Site 1: Results												
	Date		Number of Samples	Q (m³s⁻¹)			Sediment Yield (kg)	Rainfall			MeanSCB R²	
	Start	End		Average	Peak	Total		10 min intensity	1 hour intensity	Total	log10SSC	SSC
DataSet 1	22/06/2016	24/06/2016	19	0.0058	0.027	1509	159	4.25	11.27	40.0	0.283	0.578
DataSet 2	25/06/2016	27/06/2016	11	0.0038	0.011	1013	28	1.59	2.76	26.0	0.569	0.588
DataSet 3	29/06/2016	1/07/2016	11	0.0042	0.042	1103	60	3.92	7.17	26.0	0.887	0.779
DataSet 4	7/07/2016	9/07/2016	13	0.0049	0.034	1285	74	3.00	10.56	29.5	0.945	0.942
DataSet 5	14/07/2016	23/07/2016	22	0.0024	0.015	2105	46	3.52	6.50	66.0	0.406	0.415
DataSet 6	24/07/2016	26/07/2016	15	0.0062	0.141	1633	949	6.25	16.25	32.0	0.806	0.371

- Better correlation achieved when looking at individual events

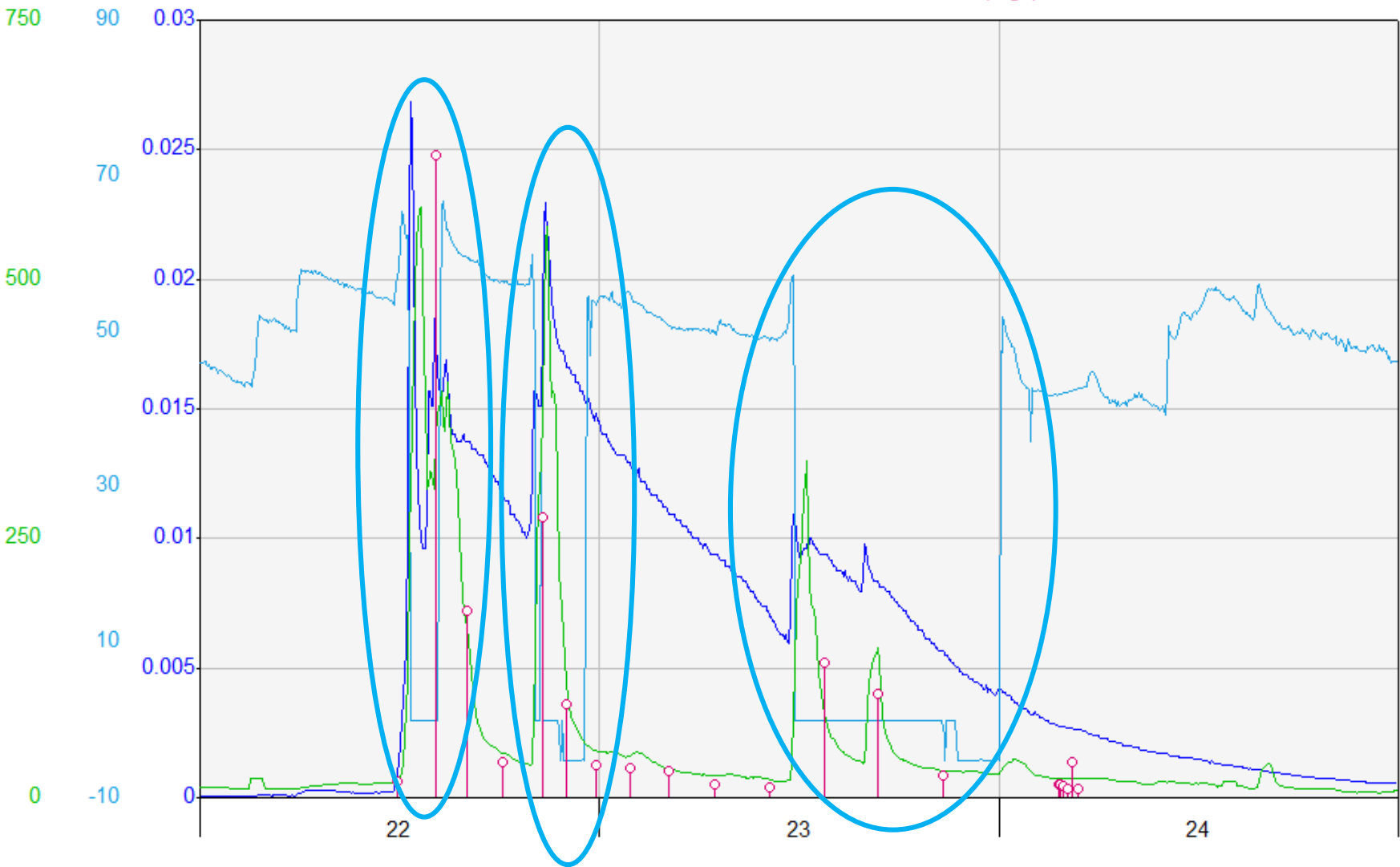




Period 3 Day 22/06/2016 to 25/06/2016

2016

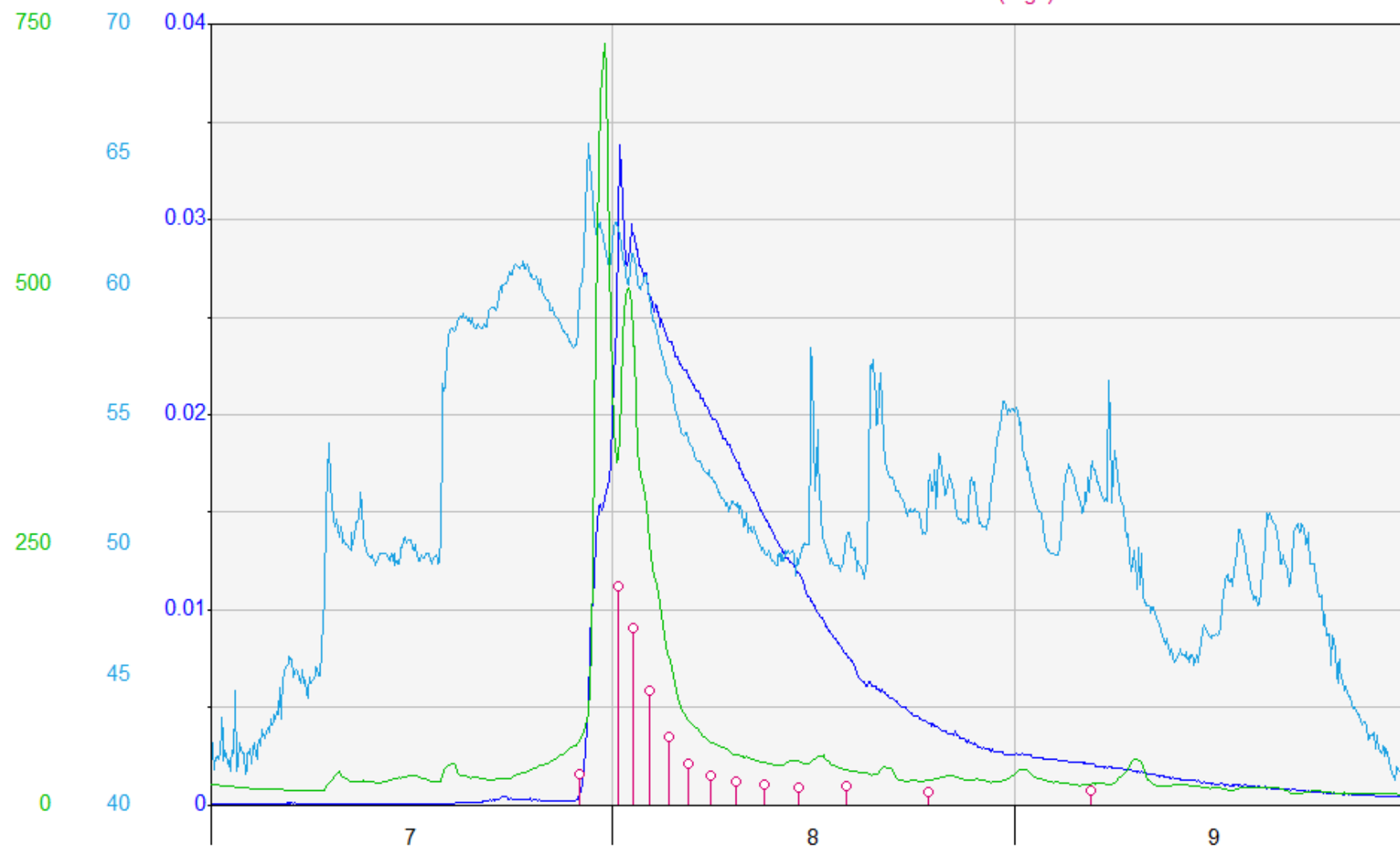
— 1001	140.00	Discharge (m3/s)	B
— 1001	127.11	Acoustic Sed	C
— 1001	811.00	TSS	B
◇ 1001	845.00	TSS (mg/l)	B



Period 3 Day 07/07/2016 to 10/07/2016

2016

— 1001	140.00	Discharge (m3/s)	B
— 1001	127.11	Acoustic Sed	SNR Beam 1
— 1001	811.00	TSS	B
◇ 1001	845.00	TSS (mg/l)	B





- | μm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|--|
| 2.00 | 3.90 | 7.80 | 10.00 | 15.60 | 31.00 | 37.00 | 44.00 | 53.00 | 63.00 | 74.00 | 88.00 | 105.00 | 125.00 | 149.00 | 177.00 | 210.00 | 250.00 | 300.00 | 350.00 | 420.00 | 500.00 | 590.00 | 710.00 | 840.00 | 1000.00 | 1190.00 | 1410.00 | 1680.00 | |
| 0.91 | 1.36 | 3.27 | 4.8 | 7.7 | 11.02 | 11.69 | 12.36 | 13.13 | 13.95 | 14.83 | 15.89 | 17.07 | 18.32 | 19.69 | 21.31 | 23.45 | 26.56 | 31.25 | 36.64 | 44.8 | 54.14 | 63.83 | 74.66 | 83.49 | 90.83 | 96.01 | 99.85 | 99.85 | |
| 0.5 | 0.45 | 1.91 | 1.53 | 2.9 | 3.32 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.77 | 0.82 | 0.88 | 1.06 | 1.18 | 1.25 | 1.37 | 1.62 | 2.14 | 3.11 | 4.69 | 5.39 | 8.16 | 9.34 | 9.69 | 10.83 | 8.83 | 7.34 | 5.18 | 3.04 | 0.75 | |
| 2.59 | 4.41 | 7.3 | 8.97 | 11.27 | 12.82 | 13.16 | 13.53 | 13.98 | 14.48 | 15.05 | 15.79 | 16.68 | 17.67 | 18.74 | 19.88 | 21.25 | 23.17 | 26.27 | 30.71 | 36.9 | 45.5 | 55.31 | 67.19 | 77.56 | 86.69 | 93.45 | 97.91 | 99.85 | |
| 1.51 | 1.82 | 2.89 | 1.67 | 2.3 | 1.55 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.45 | 0.5 | 0.57 | 0.74 | 0.89 | 0.99 | 1.07 | 1.14 | 1.37 | 1.92 | 3.1 | 3.94 | 6.69 | 8.6 | 9.81 | 11.88 | 10.37 | 9.13 | 6.76 | 4.46 | 2.1 | |
| 0 | 0.24 | 1.04 | 1.46 | 2.32 | 3.86 | 4.24 | 4.58 | 4.89 | 5.16 | 5.42 | 5.8 | 6.39 | 7.25 | 8.41 | 9.75 | 11.12 | 12.34 | 13.33 | 14.06 | 15.37 | 18.01 | 22.79 | 31.66 | 43.07 | 57.34 | 72.23 | 85.19 | 99.85 | |
| 0 | 0.24 | 0.8 | 0.42 | 0.86 | 1.54 | 0.38 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.38 | 0.59 | 0.86 | 1.16 | 1.34 | 1.37 | 1.22 | 0.99 | 0.73 | 1.31 | 2.64 | 4.78 | 8.87 | 11.41 | 14.27 | 14.89 | 12.96 | 9.85 | |
| 9.42 | 13.79 | 25.78 | 35.01 | 49.73 | 62.04 | 64.45 | 66.73 | 69.12 | 71.25 | 73.1 | 74.89 | 76.4 | 77.53 | 78.33 | 78.93 | 79.6 | 80.68 | 82.52 | 84.77 | 88.15 | 91.73 | 94.96 | 97.83 | 99.49 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1 | |
| 5.29 | 4.37 | 11.99 | 9.23 | 14.72 | 12.31 | 2.41 | 2.28 | 2.39 | 2.13 | 1.85 | 1.79 | 1.51 | 1.13 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.67 | 1.08 | 1.84 | 2.25 | 3.38 | 3.58 | 3.23 | 2.87 | 1.66 | 0.51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3.2 | 21.3 | 38.91 | 49.99 | 67.82 | 84.4 | 87.41 | 90.08 | 92.37 | 93.99 | 95.11 | 95.98 | 96.59 | 97.03 | 97.38 | 97.68 | 97.98 | 98.3 | 98.69 | 99.06 | 99.49 | 99.85 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 1 | |
| 7.43 | 8.08 | 17.61 | 11.08 | 17.83 | 16.58 | 3.08 | 2.6 | 2.29 | 1.62 | 1.12 | 0.87 | 0.61 | 0.44 | 0.35 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.32 | 0.39 | 0.37 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Silt | | | | | | | | | | Sand | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Very fine | | | | Fine | | | | Medium | | | | Coarse | | | | Very coarse | | | |



Test Site 2: Where to from here?

- Correlation between Mean SCB & measured sediment concentration dependant on event characteristics – why?
- Second deployment planned for December – January
- New firmware & software to be released for acoustic sensor
- Deployed in conjunction with a higher frequency sensor
 - Higher frequency = better performance in small water bodies and finer sediments
- Investigate effects of flocculant on acoustic performance?
- Compare correlation between TSS Sonde and Mean SCB?
- Greater flow accuracy required
- Work in progress



Acknowledgements

- Xylem: Daniel Wagenaar – support with data processing
- Envco: Graham Andrew, Richard Morrow – supply of IQ unit

- Questions?